



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE LAB 06 - ADVERSARIAL SEARCH

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2024/2025

You don't need to memorize what will be mentioned. Instead, try to understand

GUIDELINES

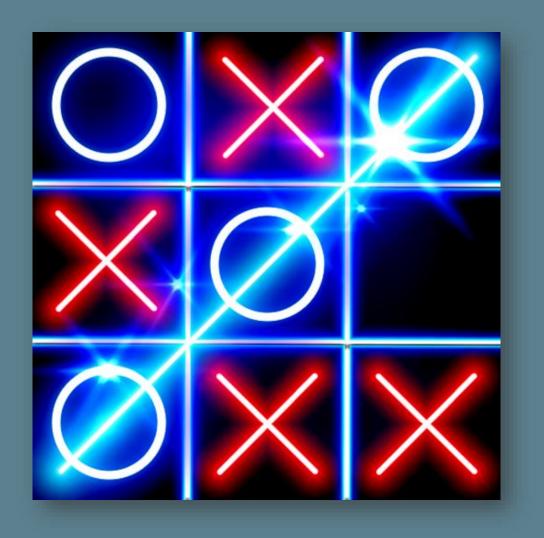
Each PowerPoint Presentation will be available as PDF file on Google Drive Folder of the Course

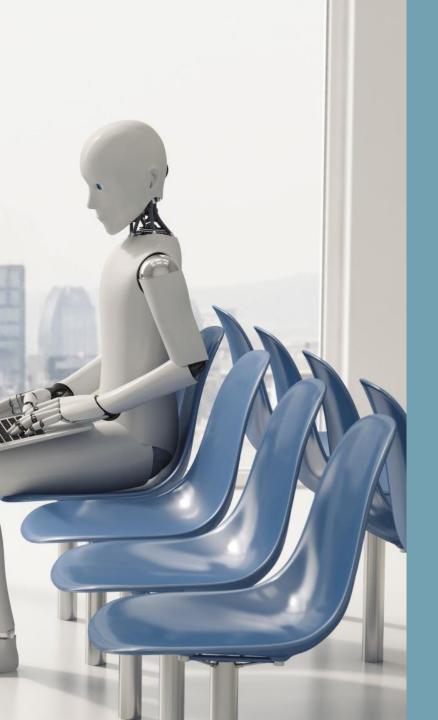
Give attention as much as you can for this lab, as long as you will implement a cooperative project with your mates

ADVERSARIAL SEARCH



Design your own Al Game





ADVERSARIAL SEARCH

A type of search in artificial intelligence used for decision-making in environments where *multiple* agents (often two players) compete with each other

each player's goal is to <u>maximize their own chances</u>
of winning while <u>minimizing the chances of the</u>
opponent.

ANALYZE THE ENVIRONMENT

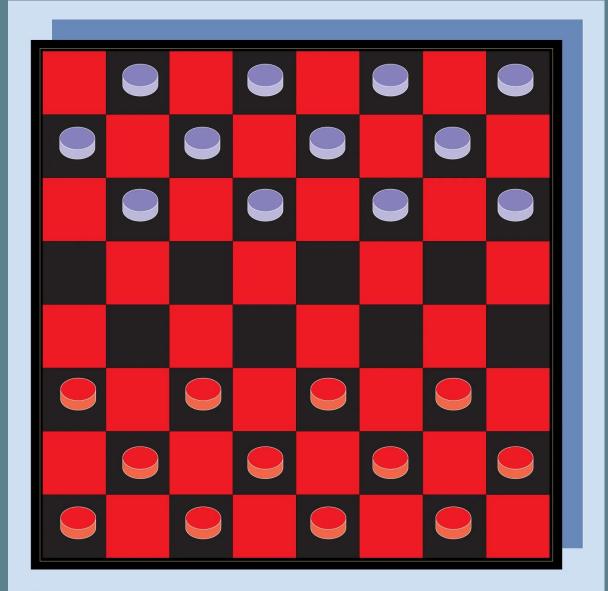




ADVERSARIAL SEARCH: FULLY OBSERVABLE ENVIRONMENT

ADVERSARIAL SEARCH: DISCRETE ENVIRONMENT

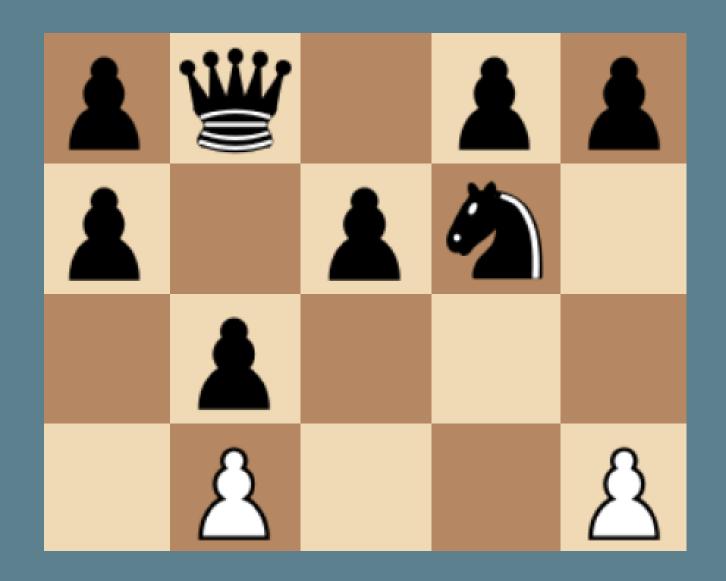
- ☐ A finite set of states
- ☐ A finite set of legal actions
- ☐ The <u>transition</u> from one state to another is <u>well-defined</u>



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ADVERSARIAL SEARCH: DETERMINISTIC ENVIRONMENT

☐ The outcome of every action is fully predictable and does not involve any randomness.



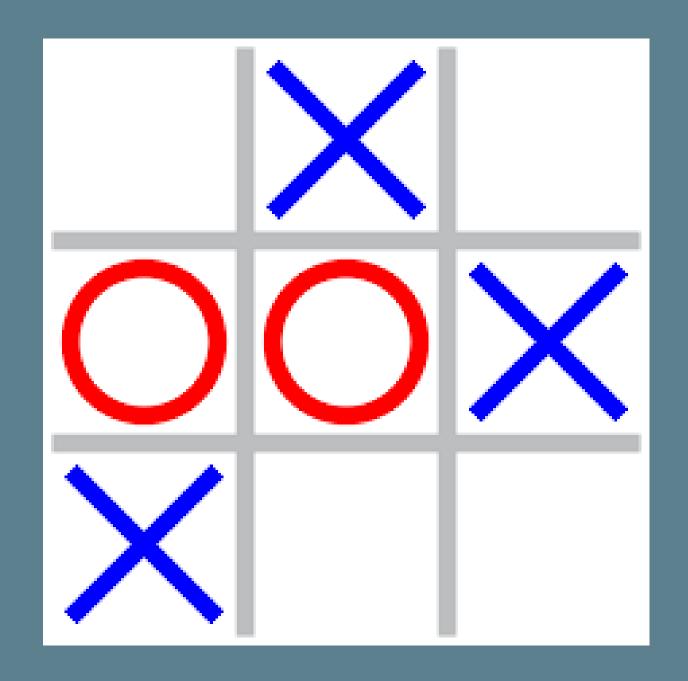
ADVERSARIAL SEARCH: STATIC ENVIRONMENT

☐ The environment does not change while the agent is thinking or making a decision.

3			6	1				8
		2		3		7	6	
			7	5		2	9	
	9		8				1	
	4		1	7	3		5	
	5				9		2	
	3	7		4	1			
	2	5		8		9	u - o	
4				9	7			2

ADVERSARIAL SEARCH: SEQUENTIAL ENVIRONMENT

☐ The current decision affects future decisions. Actions are part of a sequence, and their consequences unfold over time.



ADVERSARIAL SEARCH: MULTI-AGENTS

- ☐ More than one agent exists and interacts within the same environment each with its own goals, perceptions, and actions.
- Can be agents that work together toward a shared goal (called Cooperative)
- ☐ Can be one agent's gain = another's loss (called <u>Competitive/Adversarial</u>)



ADVERSARIAL ENVIRONMENT PROPERTIES

Fully-

observable

Discrete

Deterministic

Sequential

Static

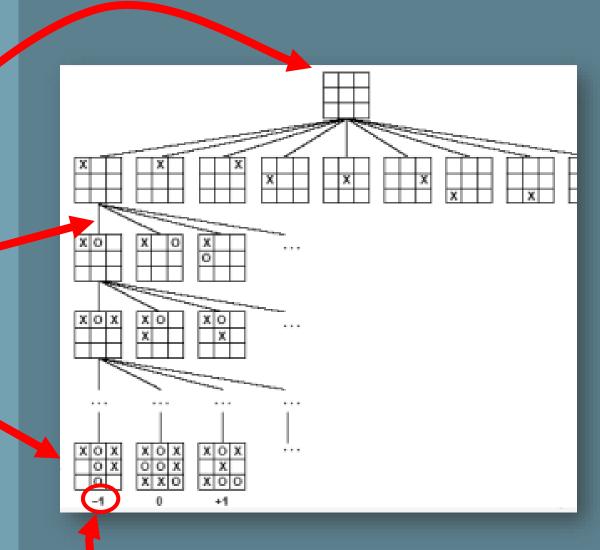
Multi-agent (Competitive)

Feature	Games	Search Problems
Number of agents	Two or more (multi- agent)	Single-agent
Environment type	Adversarial (opponents involved)	Non-adversarial (No opponent)
Agent goals	Conflicting (Win/Loss)	Goal is to reach a specific state or solve a task
Nature of moves	Players alternate turns	Agents makes a sequence of moves alone
Uncertainty	From opponent's decisions	Usually determinstic
Solution method	Minimax, Alpha-beta pruning	DFS, BFS, A* etc
Objective	Maximize/Minimize score or win	Reach a goal state efficiently
State evaluation	Often uses heuristic evaluation functions	Can use cost functions and heuristics
Turns/Sequential plays	Yes - agents take turns	No - agent moves continuously toward goal

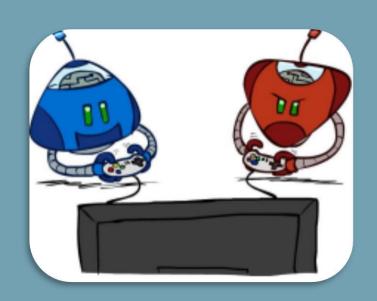
GAMES VS. SEARCH

ADVERSARIAL KEY CONCEPTS (BUILD THE ENV.)

- Initial State
 - > The starting position of the game or the board
- Operators/Decisions/Edges/Arcs/Transitions
 - > Legal moves that the player can make
- ☐ Terminal Nodes
 - Leaf nodes in the tree, which indicates that the game is over
- ☐ Utility function/Reward (Heuristic/Hint)
 - Payoff function (objective function)
 - > Value of the outcome of the game
 - Ex: for tic-tac-toe it is 1 for winning, -1 for losing or 0 for draw



THE PROCEDURE IN OUR COURSE





We will name two players: MAX and MIN



Max moves first and they take turns until the game is over



Max will search for the best move to maximize the utility (<u>WINNING</u>)



Min will search for the best move to minimize the utility (MAKE MAX LOSE)



Perfect Decision Games: if the search algorithm searches the complete search tree.



Imperfect Decision Games: no complete search, search is cut-off earlier.

ADVERSARIAL SEARCH ALGORITHMS



Adversarial Search Algorithms

MiniMax Algorithm Alpha-Beta Pruning Monte-Carlo tree search

Expectimax

Nash equilibrium Search

Negamax

MINMAX ALGORITHM

MINMAX ALGORITHM

Remember!

Max wants to MAXIMIZE the utility to win over Min Min wants to MINIMIZE the utility to win over Max Both are playing PERFECTLY (no mistakes are made)

1

Generate the game tree in depth-first order until terminal states are reached.

2

Apply the utility/reward function to the terminal states to get utility value

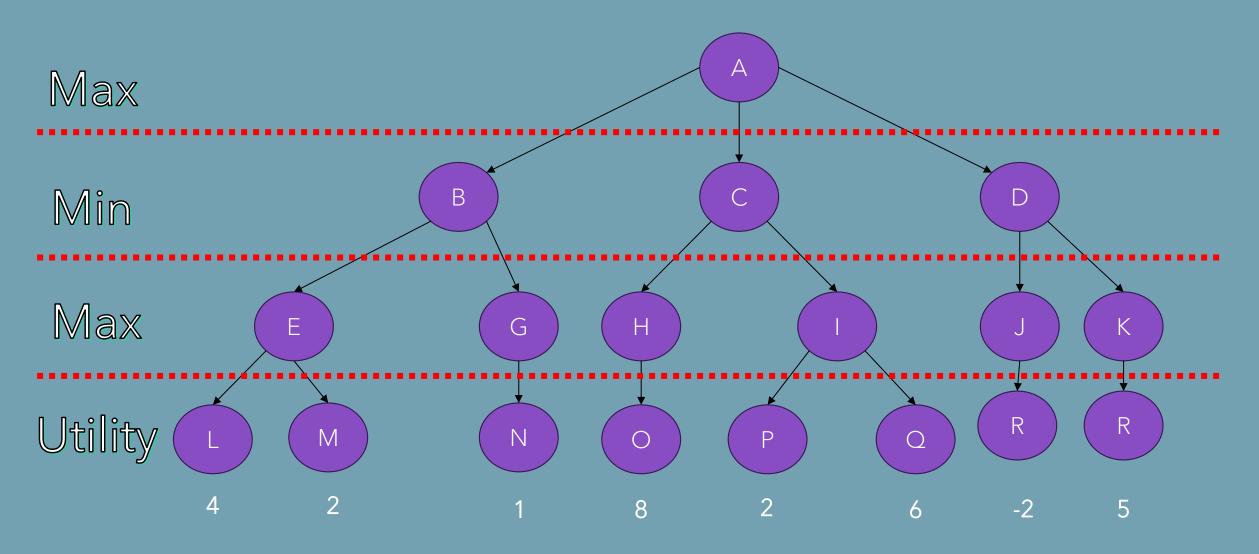
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MinMax_Value(n):

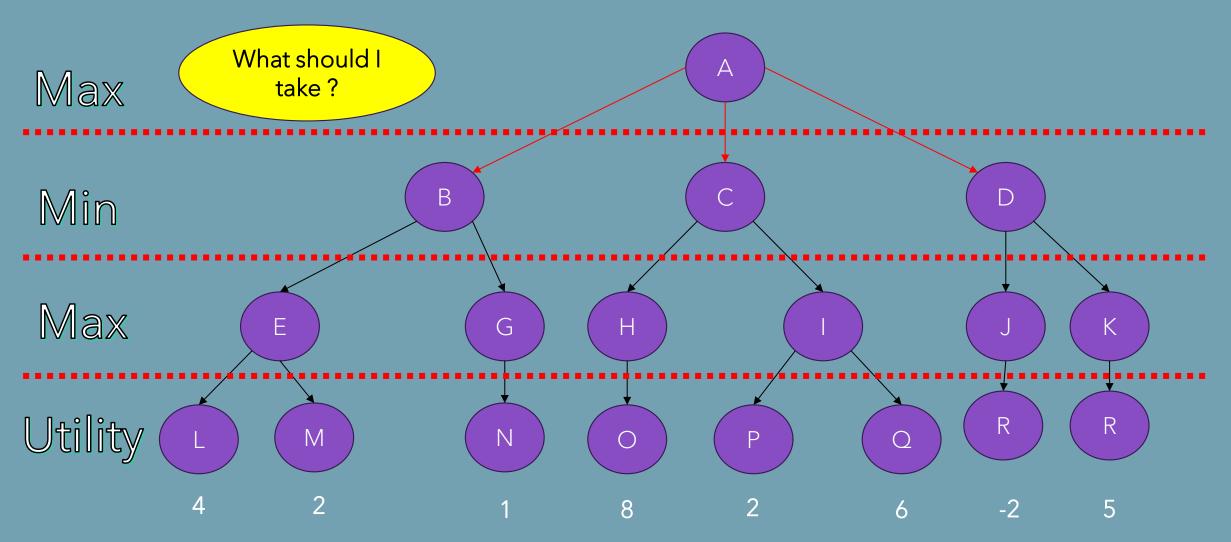
if it is Max turn, <u>maximize the</u> <u>utility of the next state</u>.

If it is Min turn, <u>minimize the</u> <u>utility of the next state</u>.

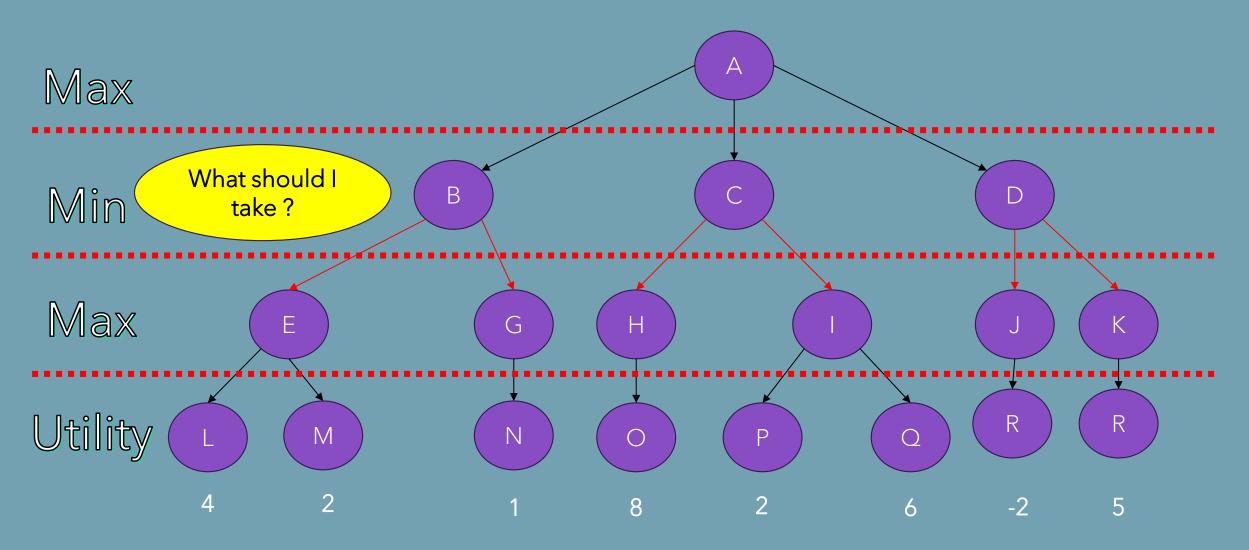
MINMAX ALGORITHM: A SEARCHING PROBLEM



MINMAX ALGORITHM: MAX TURN

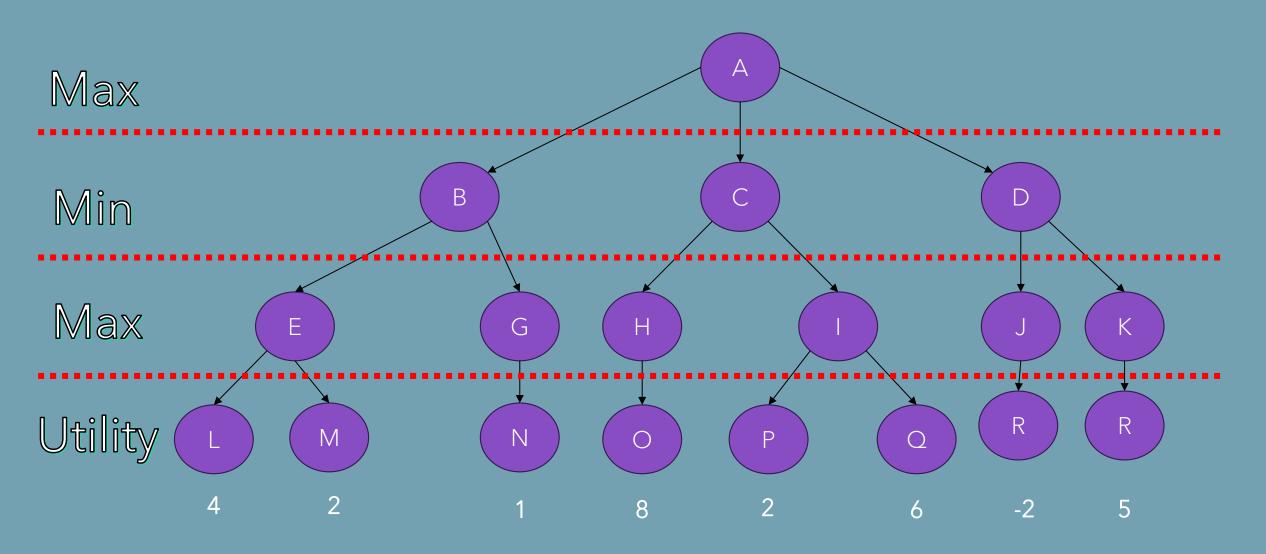


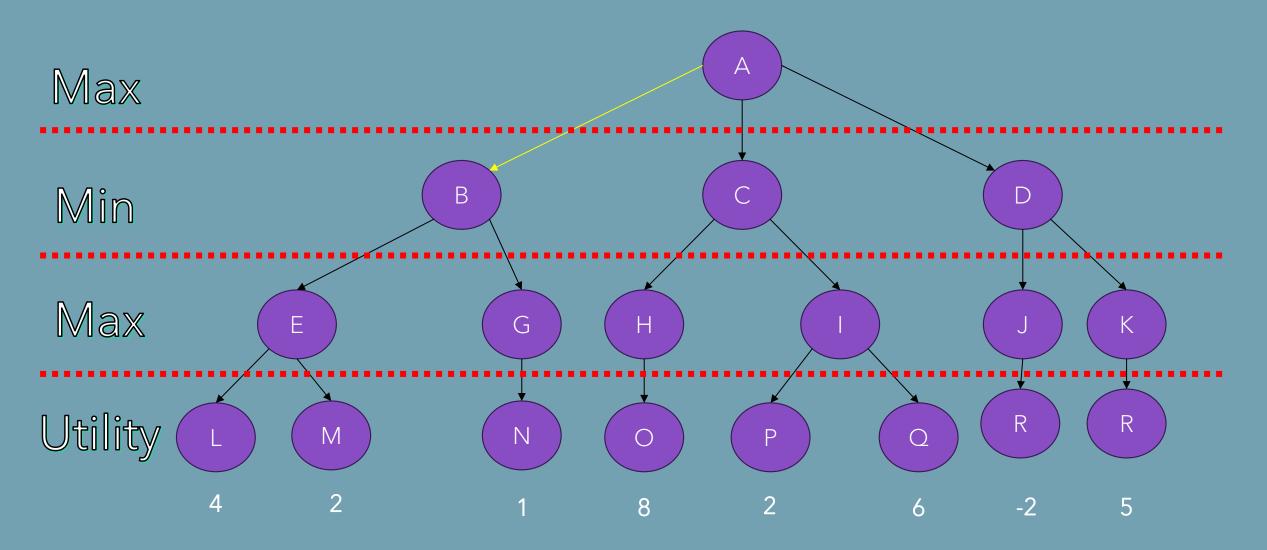
MINMAX ALGORITHM: MIN TURN

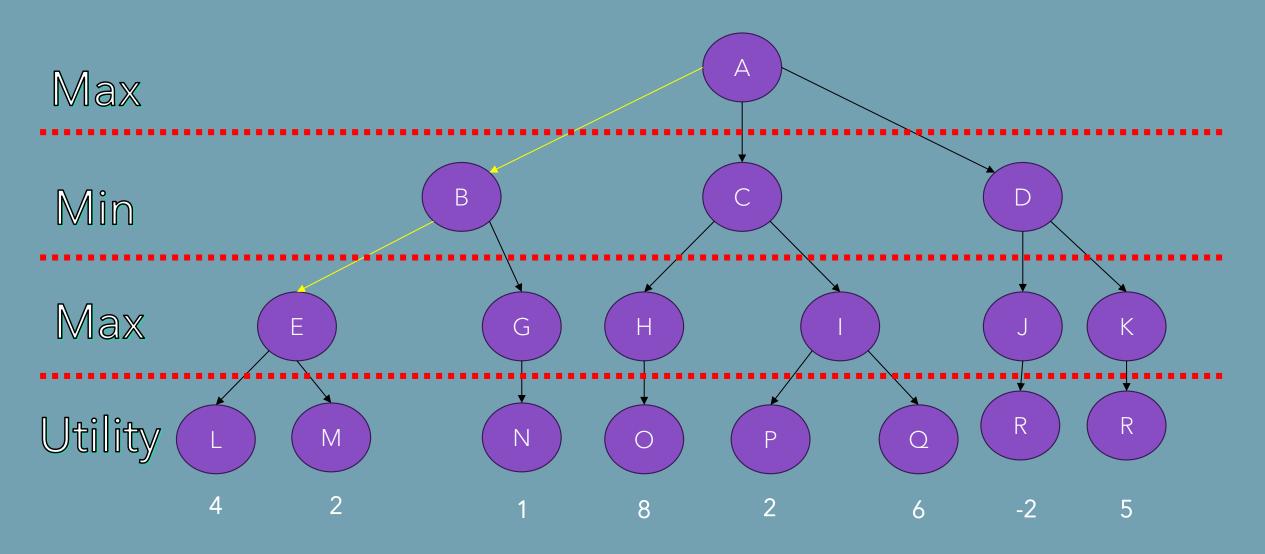


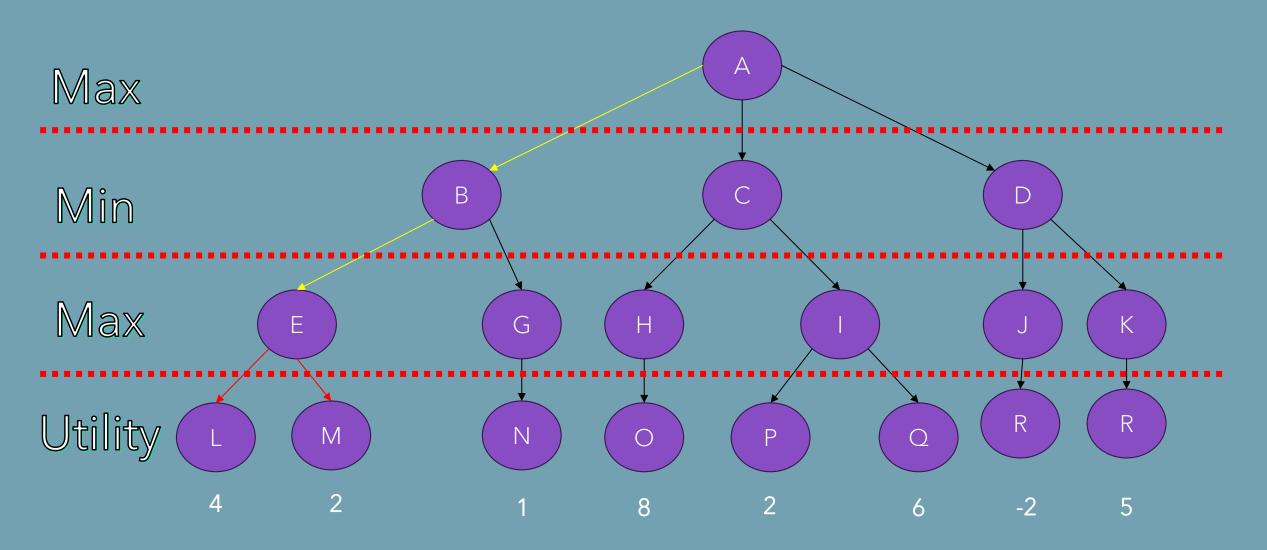
RECURSIVE EVALUATION



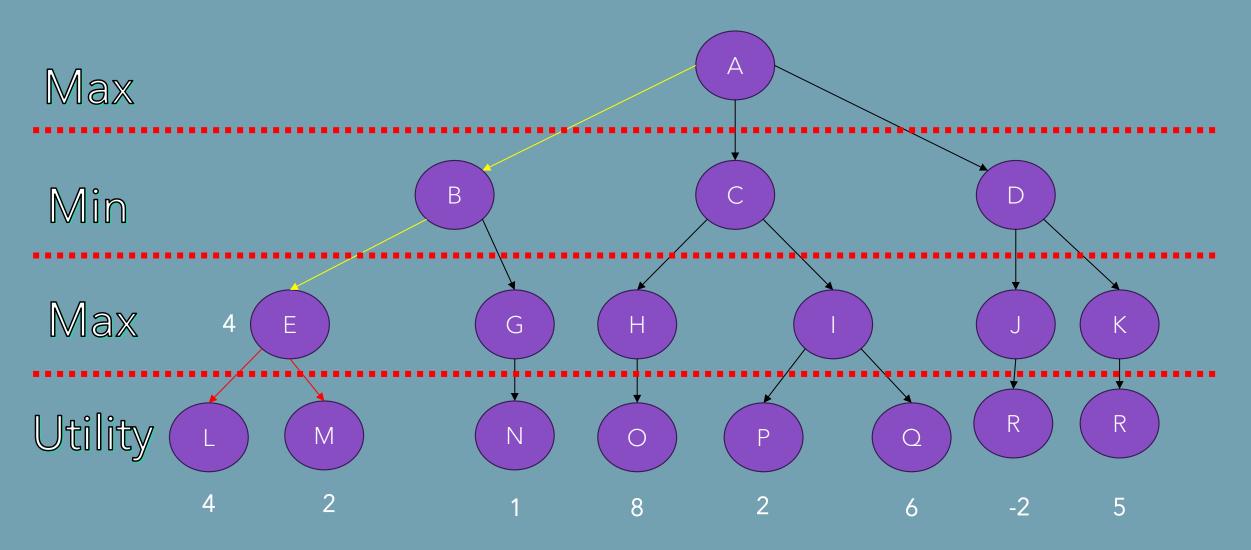


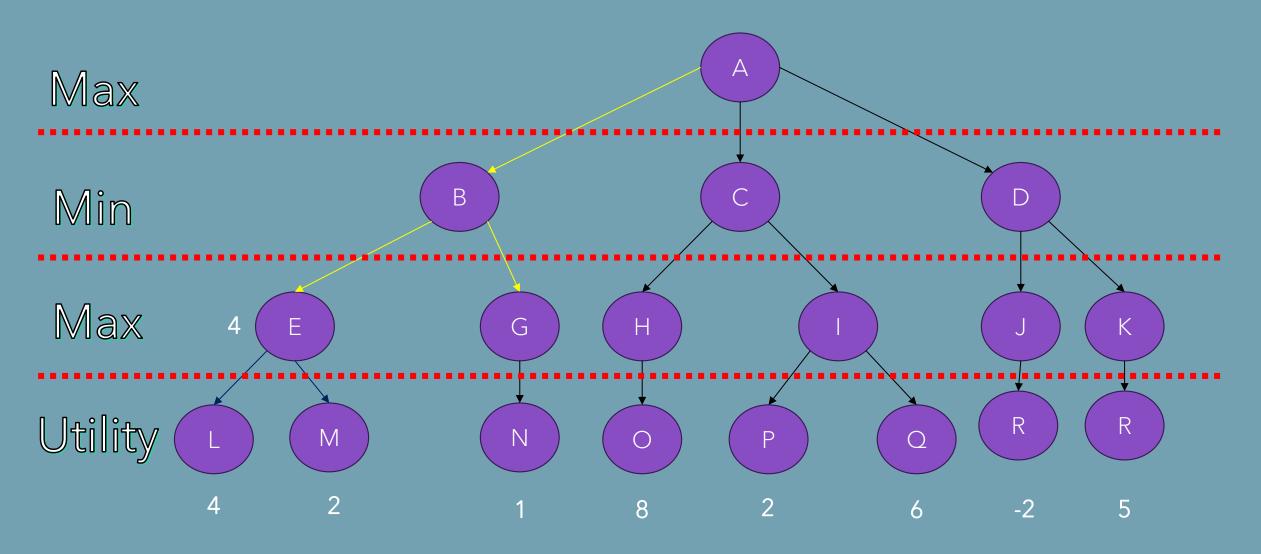


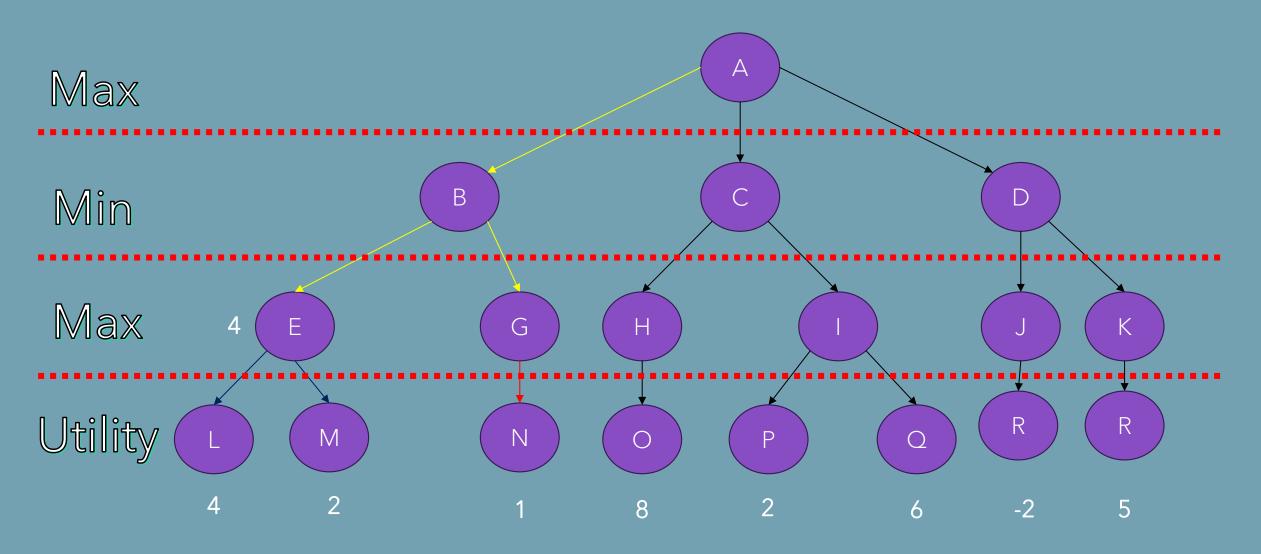




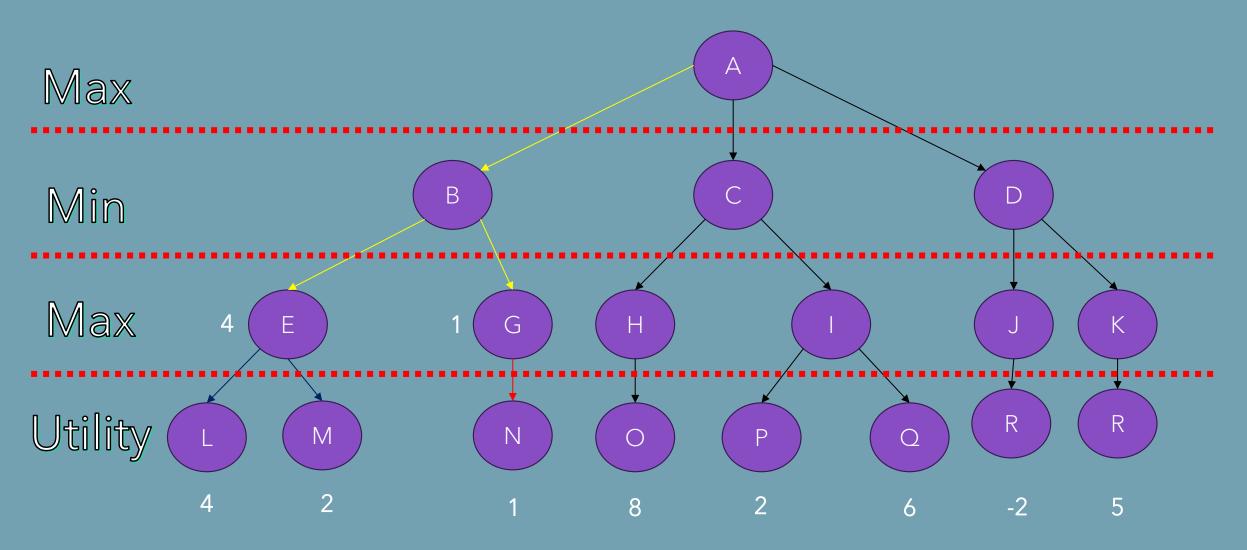
MINMAX ALGORITHM: MAXIMIZE!

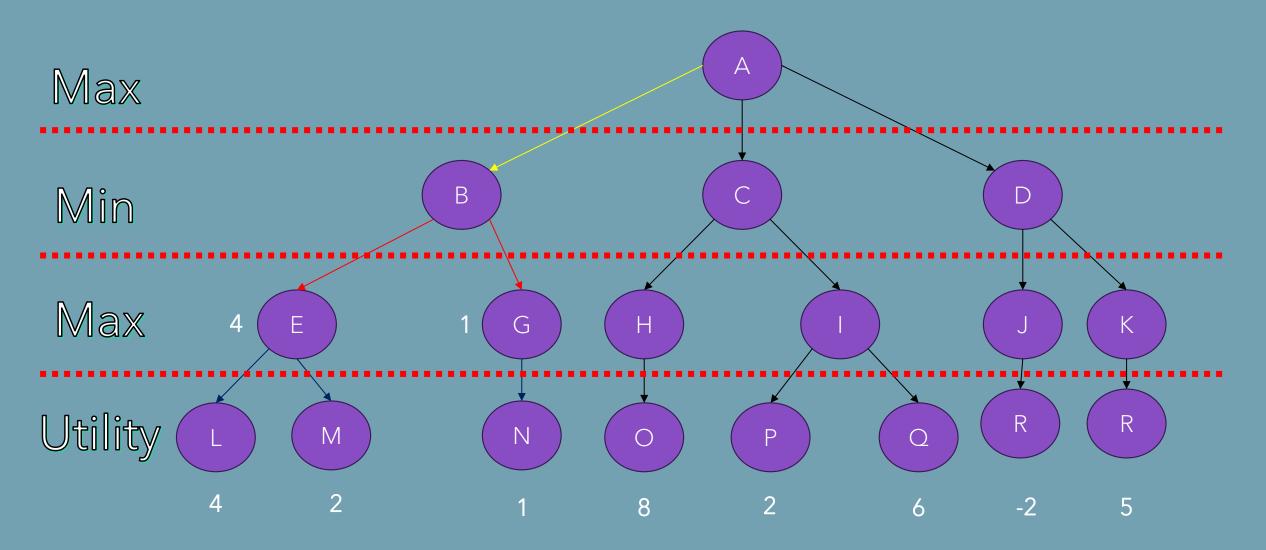




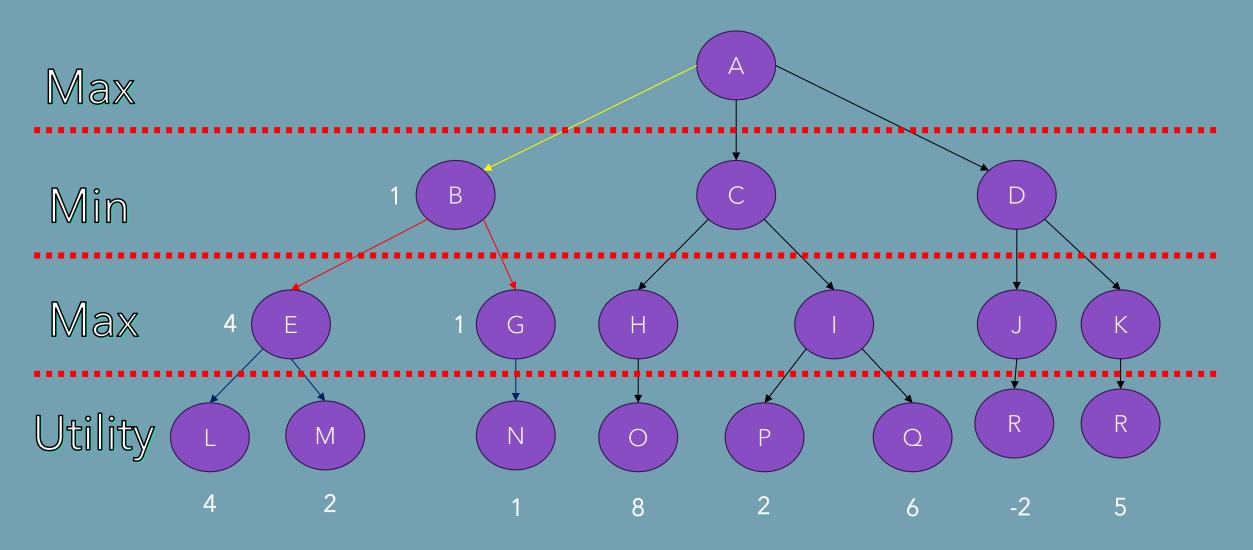


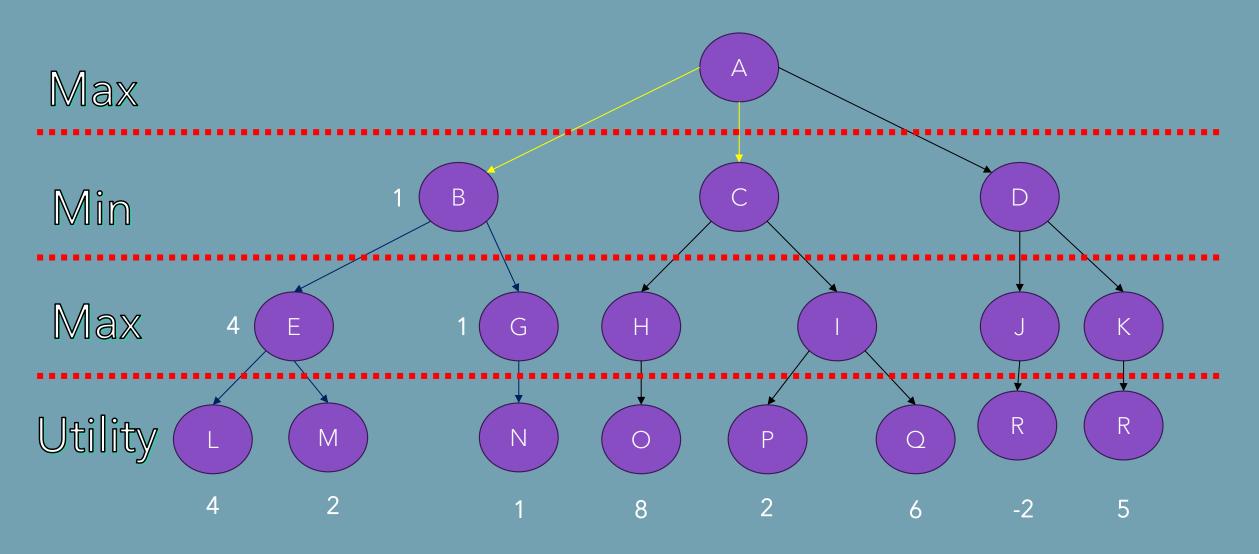
MINMAX ALGORITHM: MAXIMIZE!

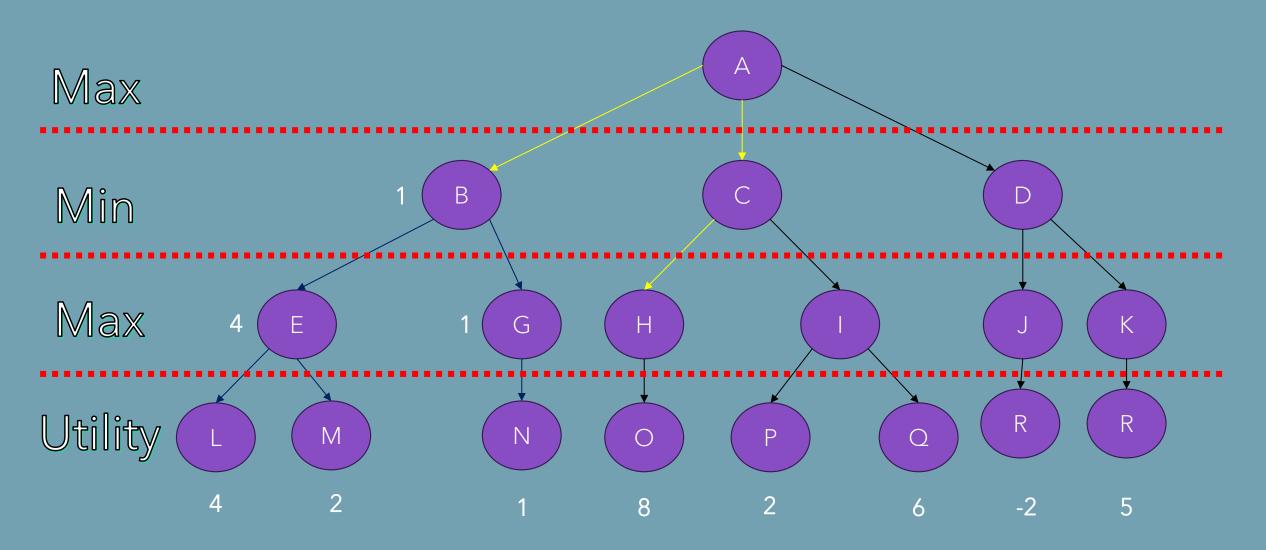


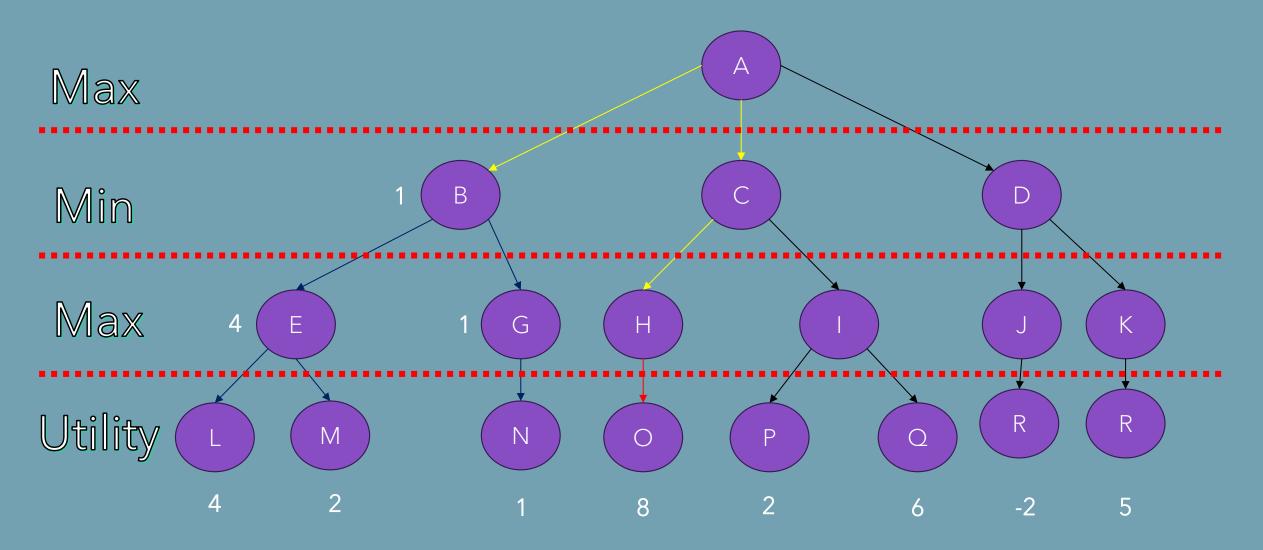


MINMAX ALGORITHM: MINIMIZE!

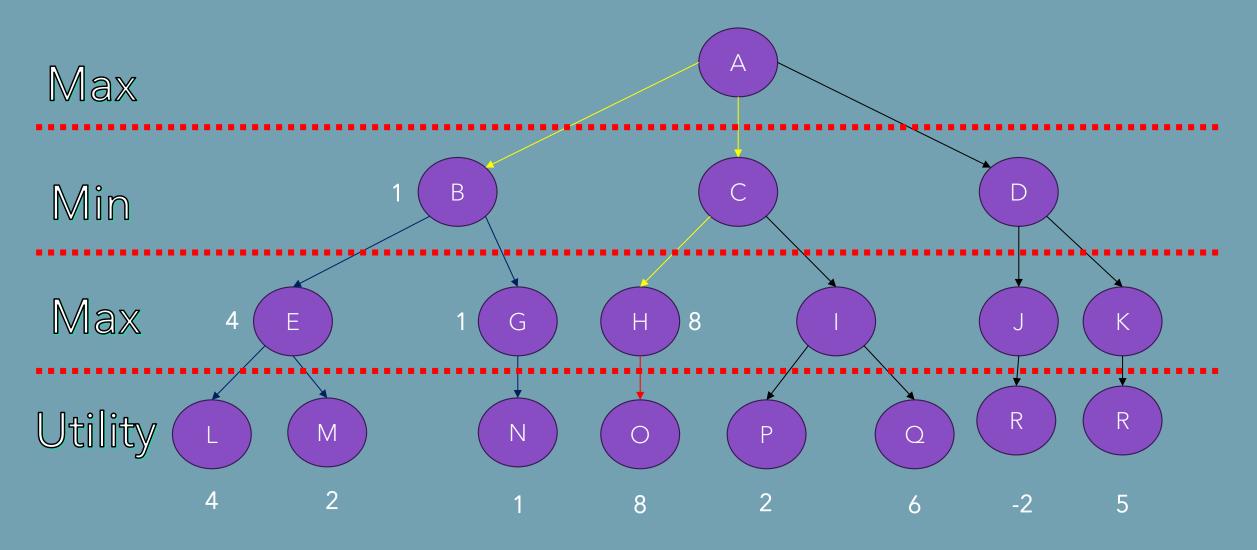


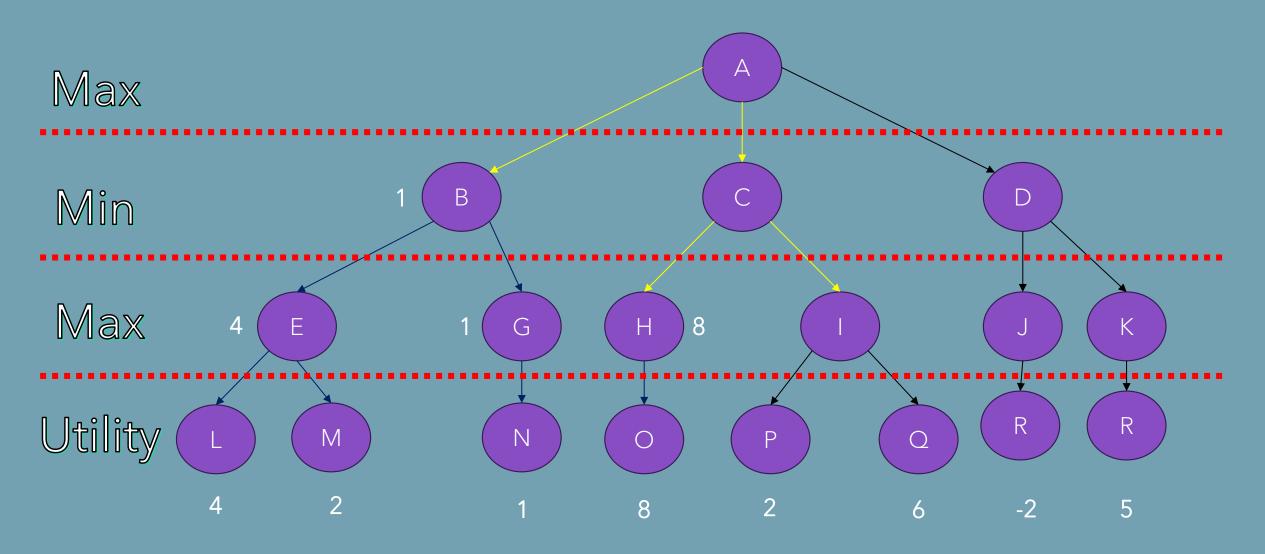


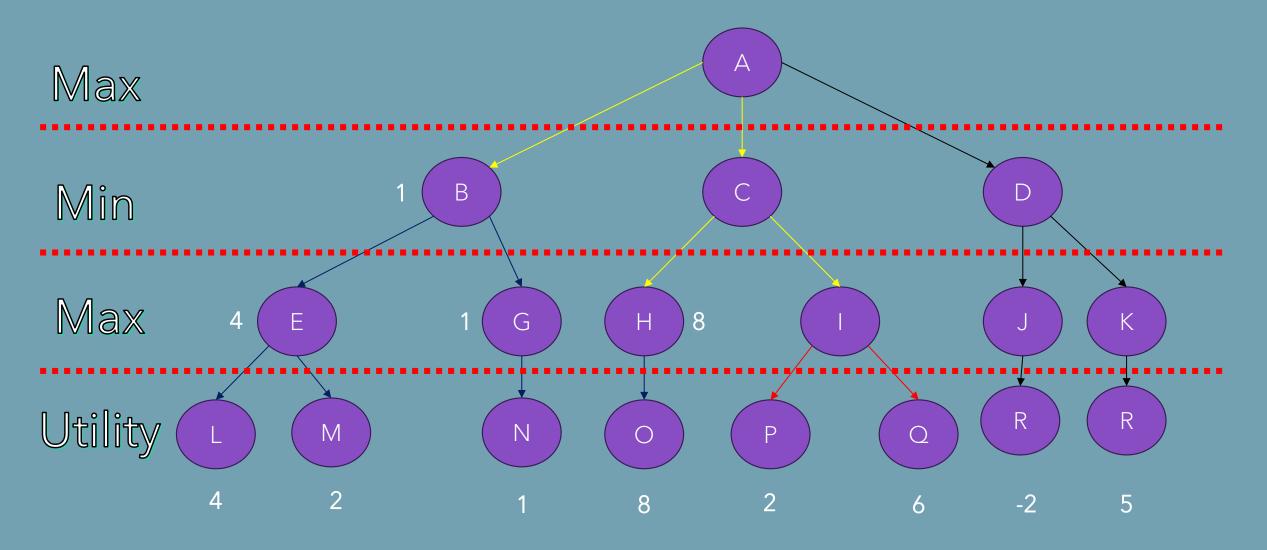




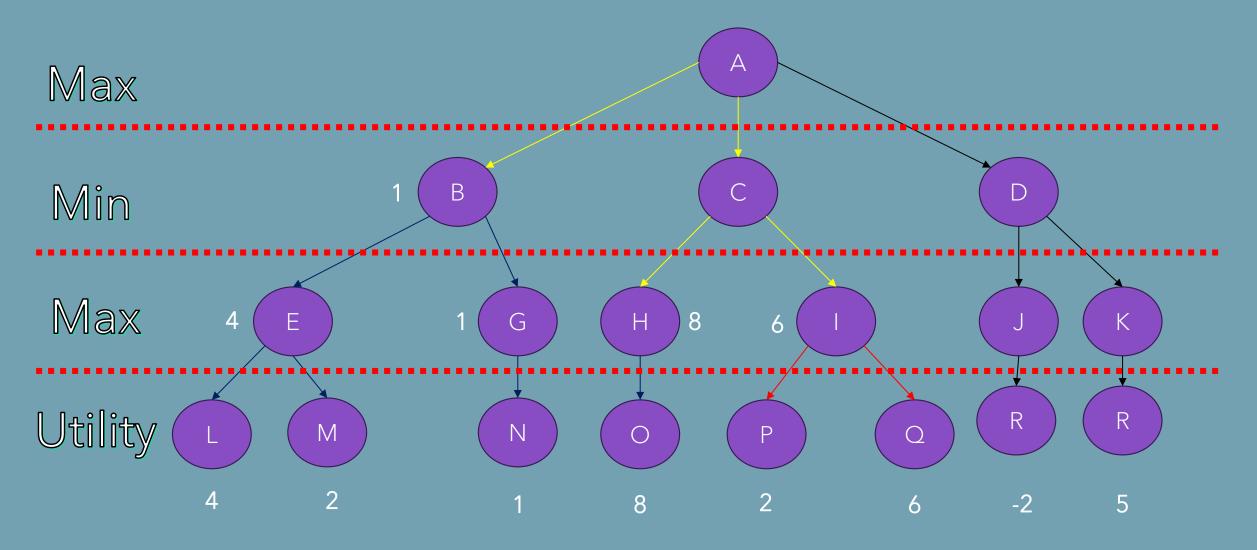
MINMAX ALGORITHM: MAXIMIZE!

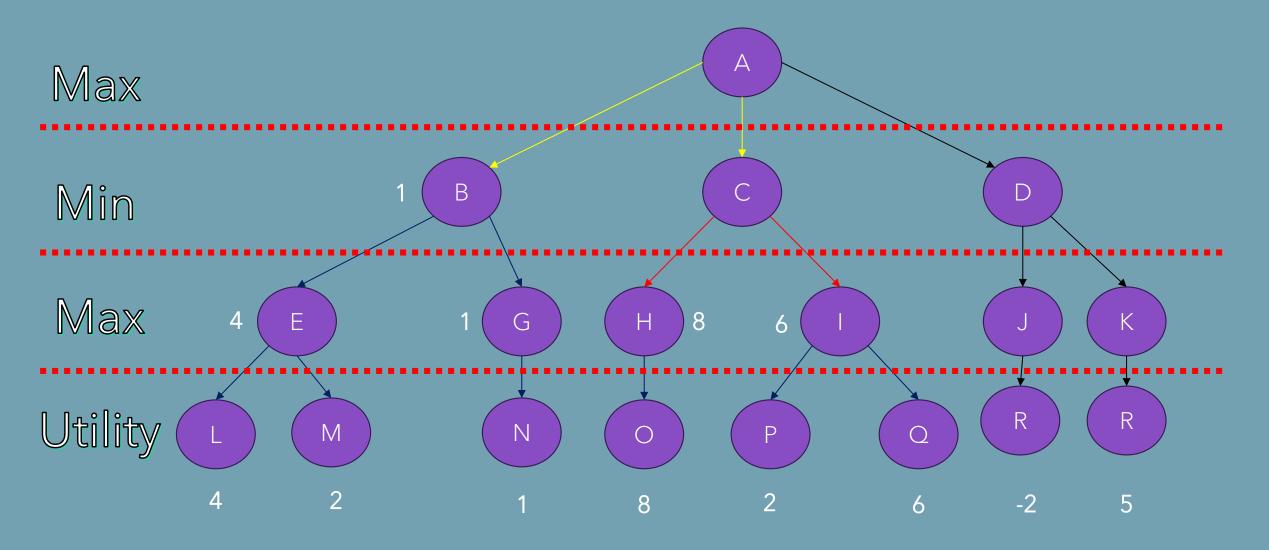




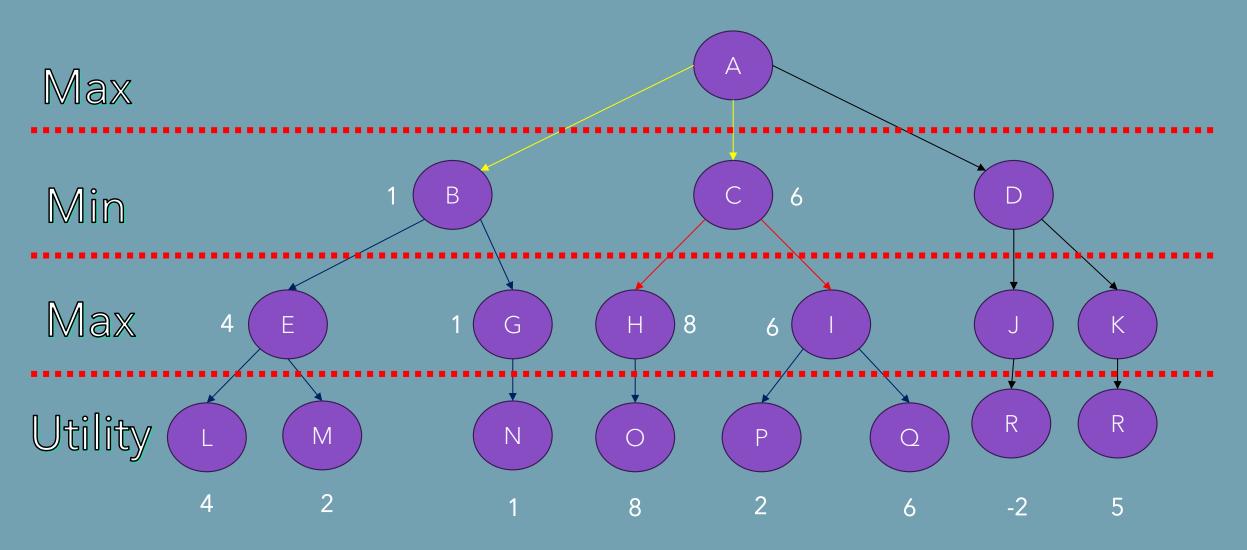


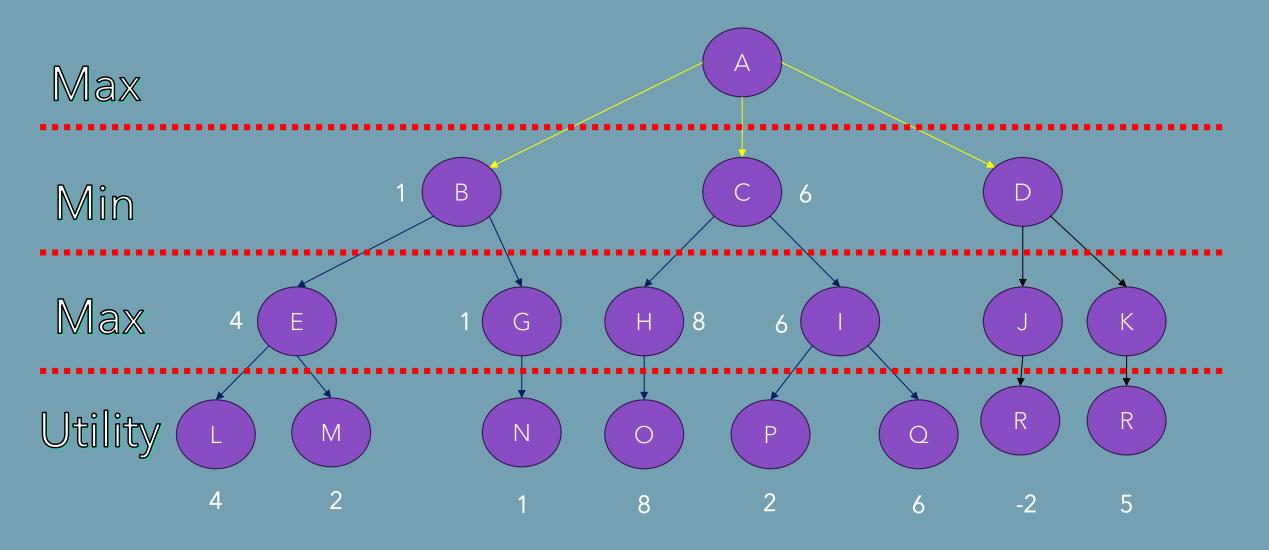
MINMAX ALGORITHM: MAXIMIZE!

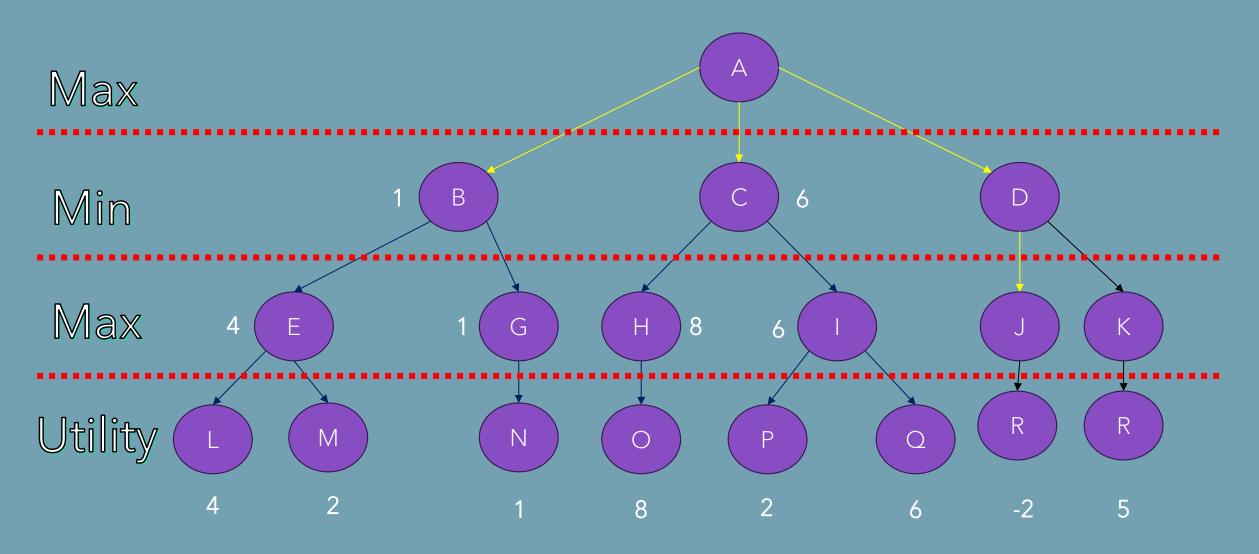


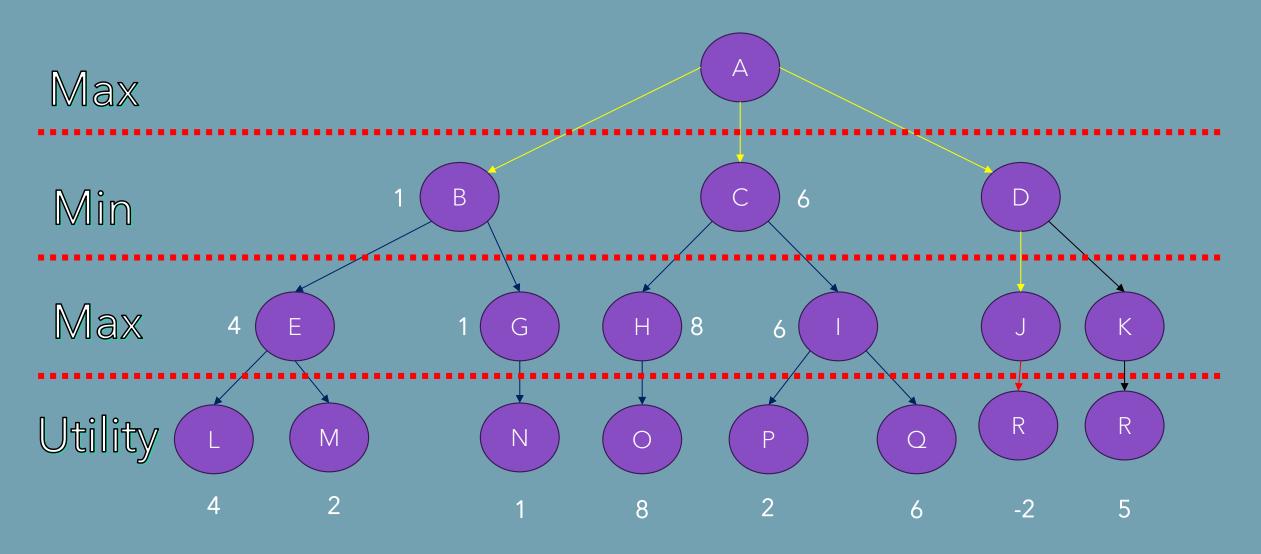


MINMAX ALGORITHM: MINIMIZE!

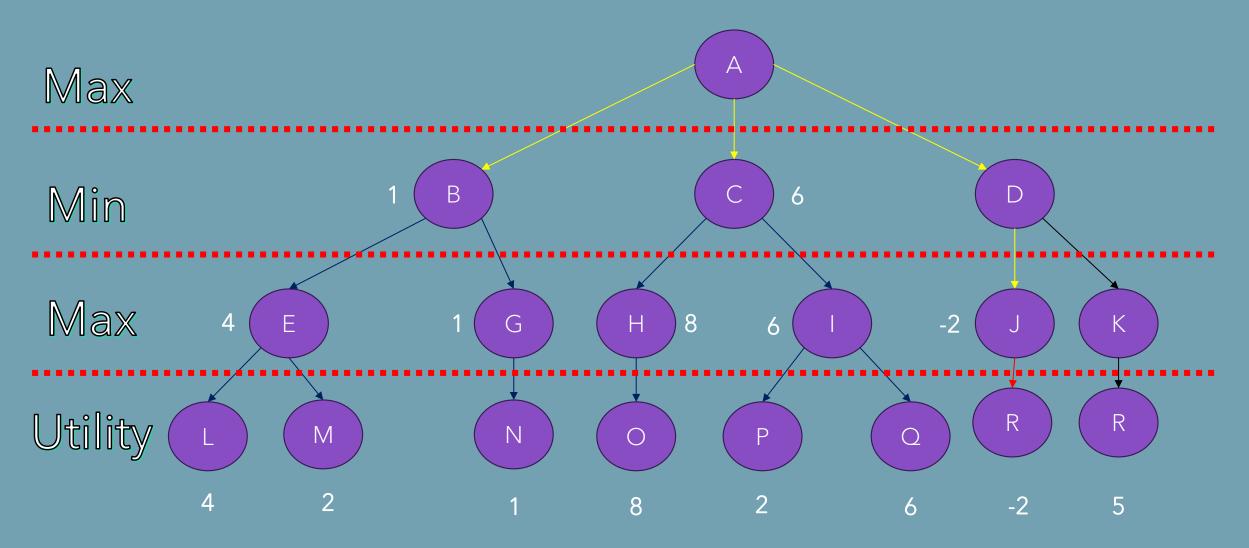


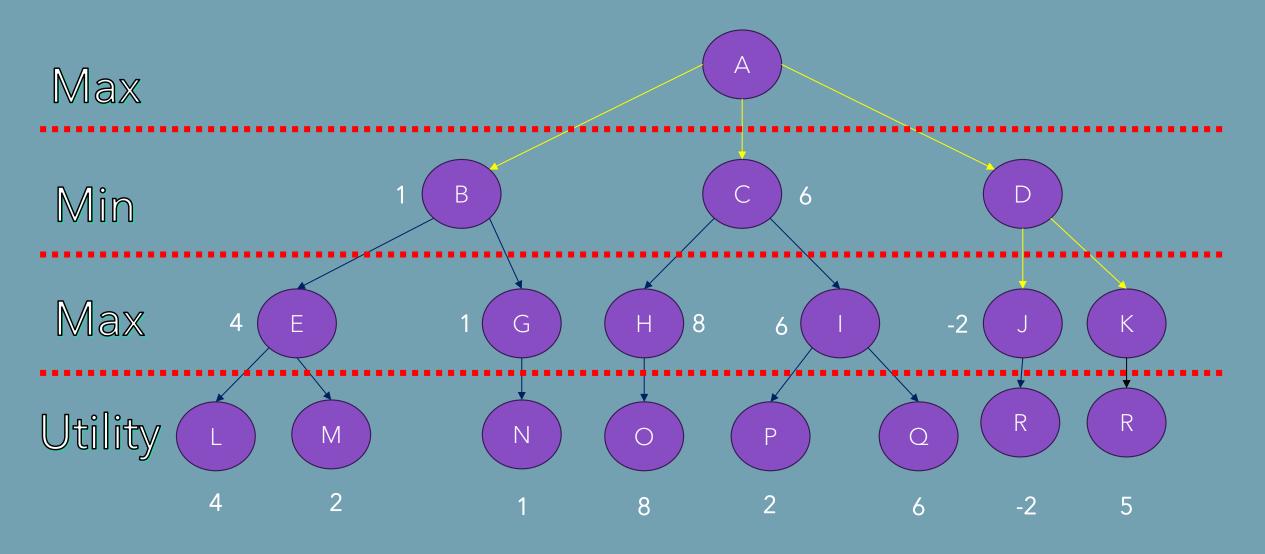


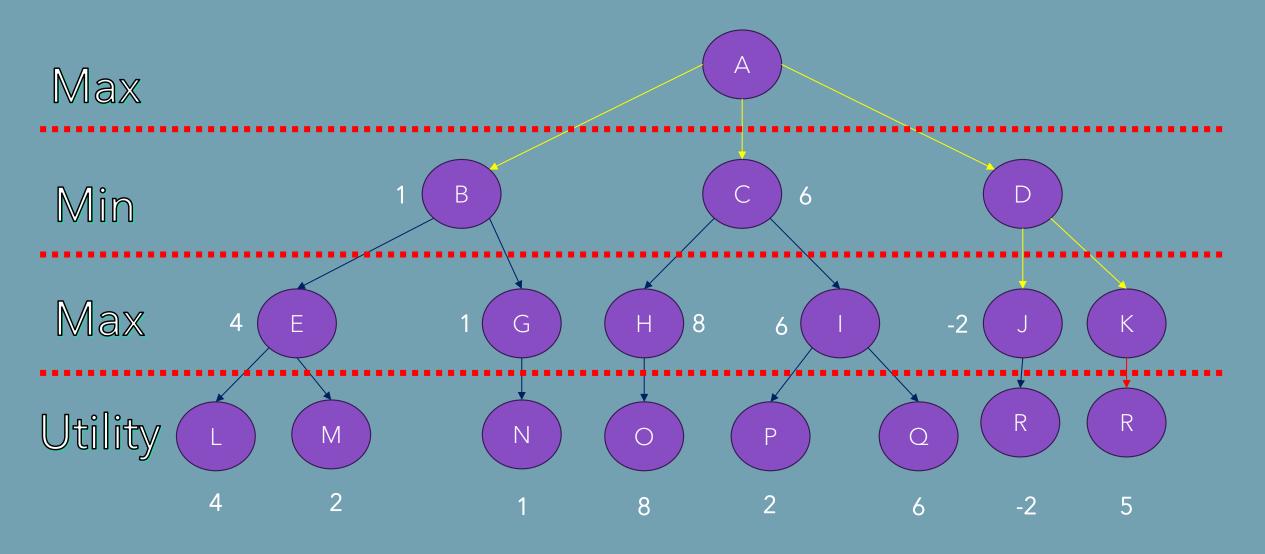




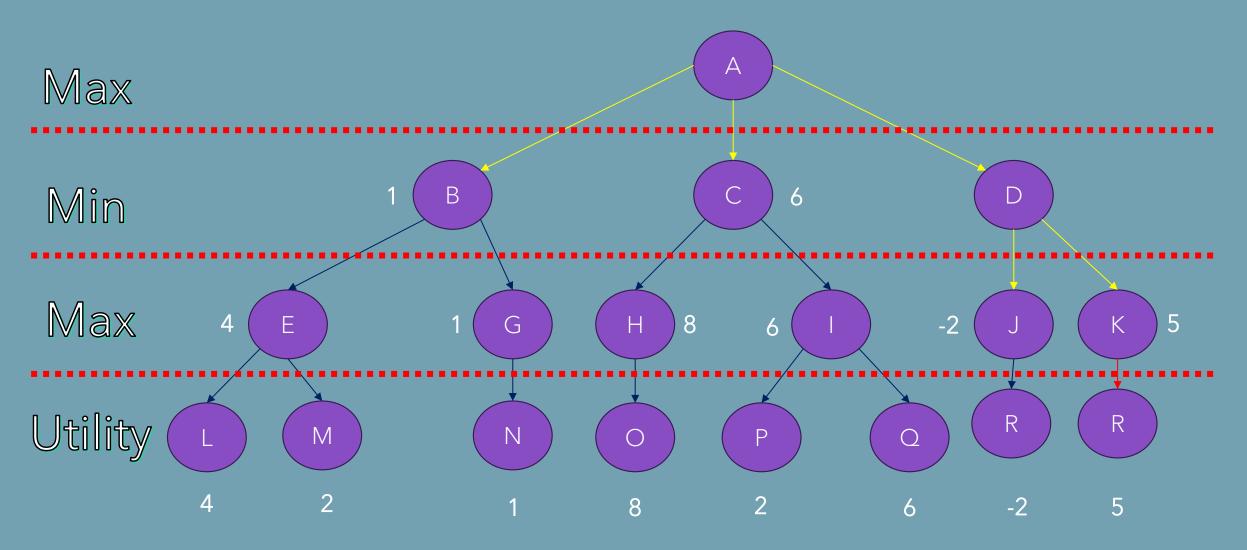
MINMAX ALGORITHM: MAXIMIZE!

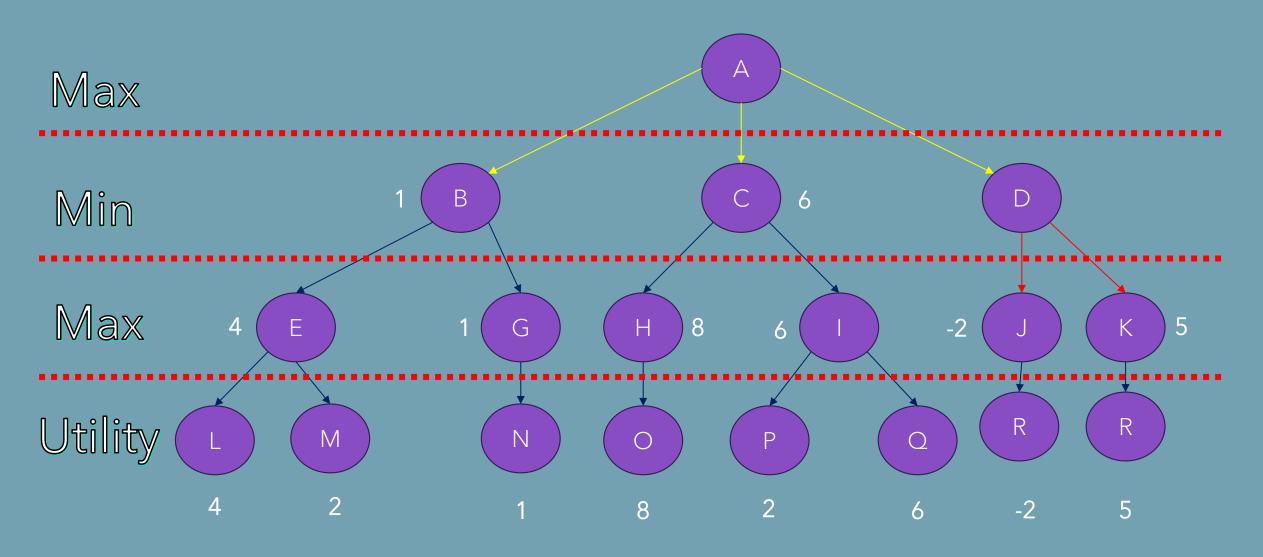




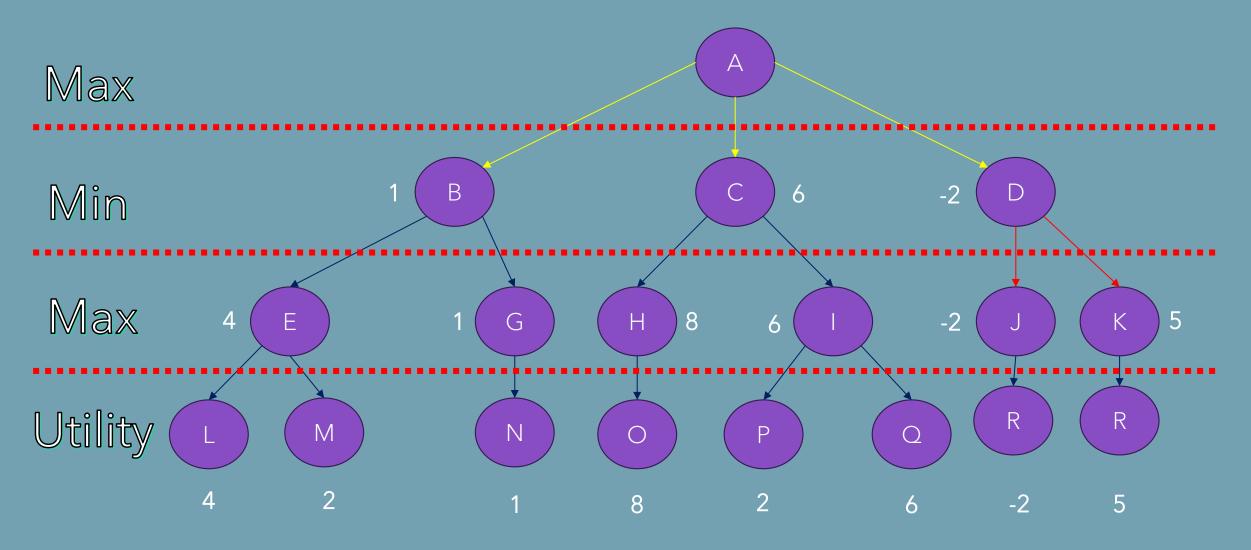


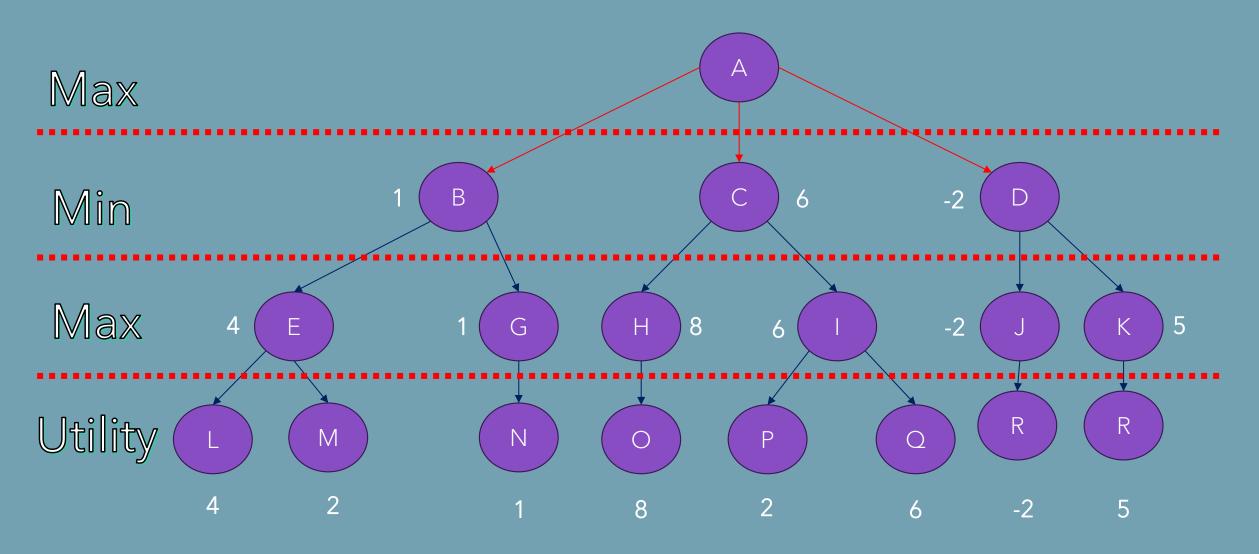
MINMAX ALGORITHM: MAXIMIZE!



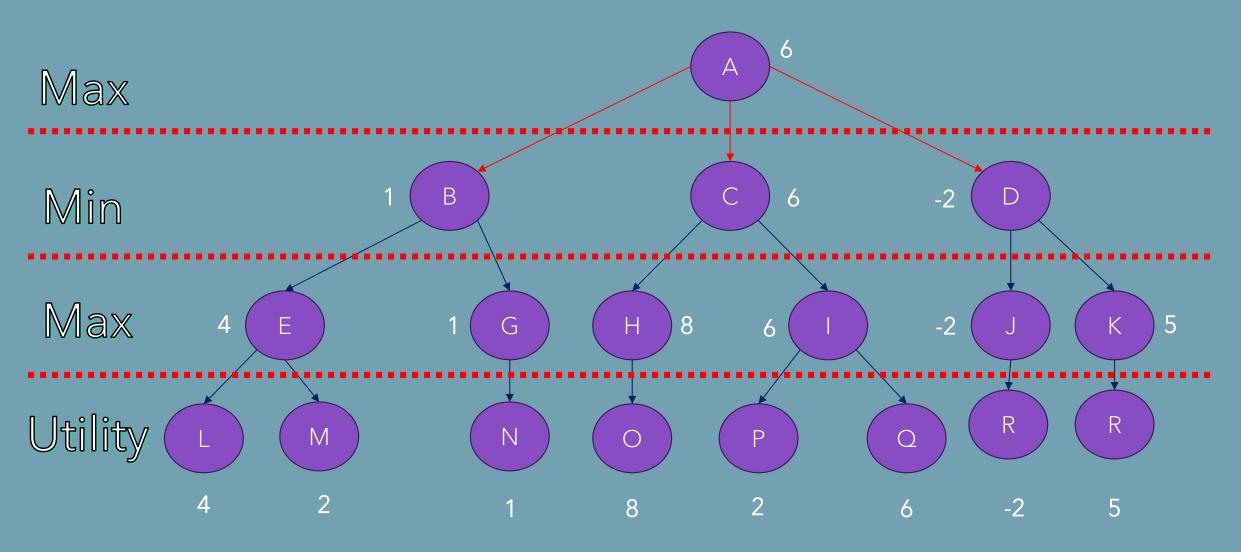


MINMAX ALGORITHM: MINIMIZE!

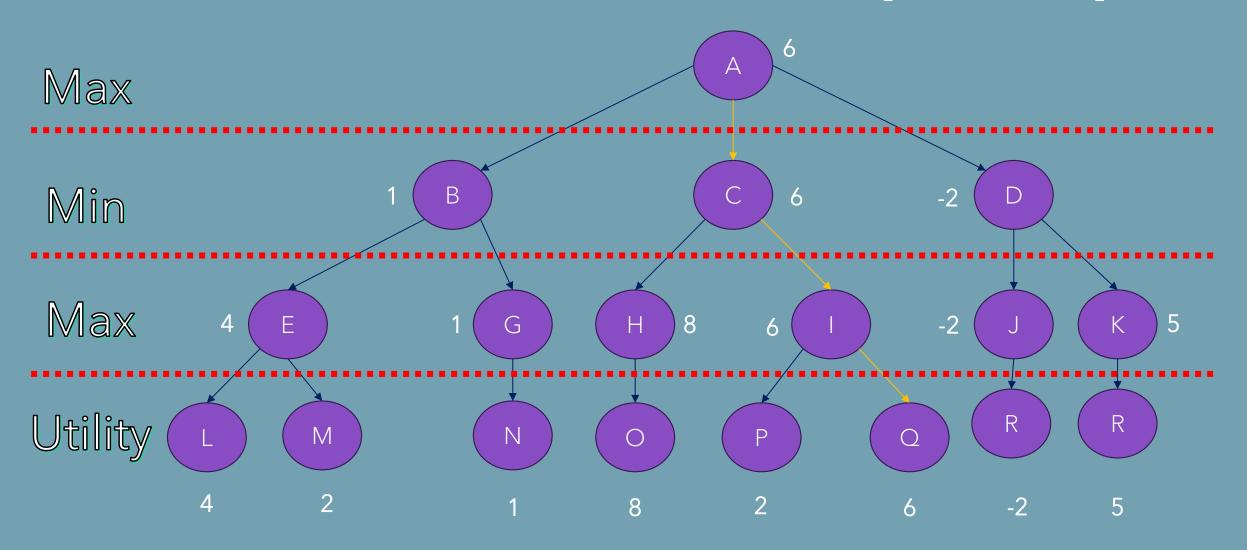




MINMAX ALGORITHM: MAXIMIZE!



MINMAX ALGORITHM: BEST ACTION [A, C, I, Q]

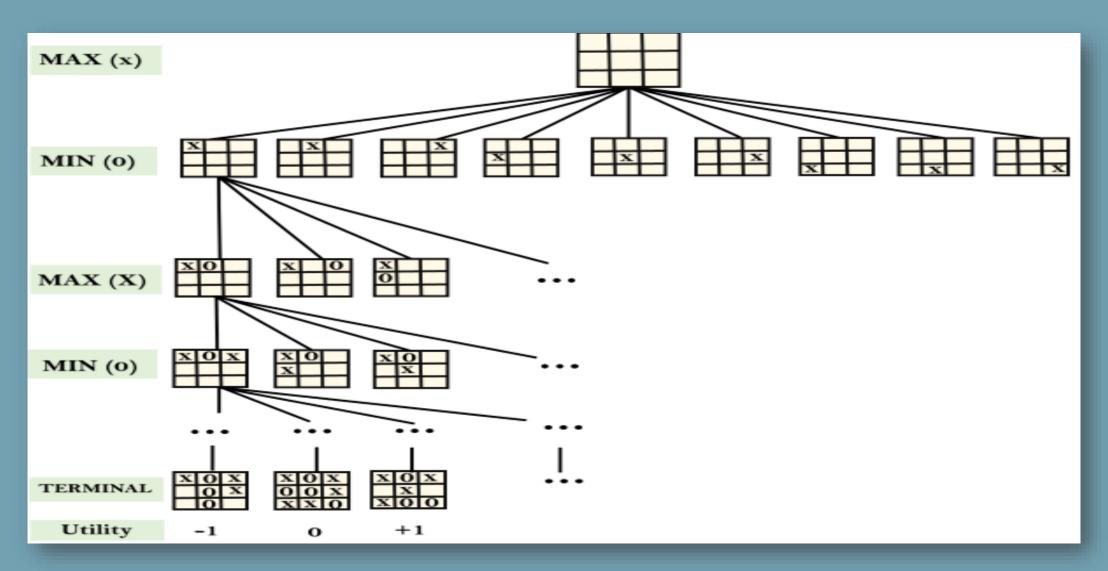


IMPLEMENTATION

Tic - Tac - Toe



TIC-TAC-TOE



IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

Build the "Tic-Tac-Toe" Environment with interfaces to interact

Make sure to display the grid in each turn

Implement the terminal checker

Implement "take action" method for each player

Show the available actions specially for "Computer Player"

Make a method for either human playing or computer playing

TIC-TAC-TOE (CLASS IMPLEMENTATION)

```
# Design Tic-Tac-Toe environment

class Tic_Tac_Toe:
    def __init__(self):
        self.initial_grid = [[" ", " ", " "],[" ", " "],[" ", " "]]
```

TIC-TAC-TOE (DISPLAY GRID METHOD)

```
def display_grid(self, state):
    print()
    for row in range(3):
        for col in range(3):
            print(' ', state[row][col], ' ', sep='', end='')
            if col < 2:
                print('|', end='')
        print()
        if row < 2:
            print('---+---', end='')
            print()
    print()
```

TIC-TAC-TOE (CURRENT PLAYER METHOD)

Who should play now?

```
def current player(self, state):
    # Count the number of Xs and Os
    count X = 0
    count_0 = 0
    for row in range(3):
        for col in range(3):
            symbol = state[row][col]
            if symbol == 'X':
                count X += 1
            elif symbol == '0':
                count 0 += 1
    # If they are the same, it's player X's turn
    if count X == count 0:
        return 'X'
    # Otherwise, it's player O's turn
    return 'O'
```

TIC-TAC-TOE (TAKE ACTION METHOD)

TIC-TAC-TOE (CHECK TERMINAL METHOD)

```
def check terminal(self, current state):
          terminal = False
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           empty count = 0
          full = False
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            for row in range(3):
         player = None
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             for col in range(3):
          for row in range(3):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             if current_state[row][col] == " ":
                    if current_state[row][0] == current_state[row][1] == current_state[row][2] and current_state[row][0] != " ":
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              empty count += 1
                            terminal = True
                            player = current_state[row][0]
                            break
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           if empty count == 0:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            full = True
          for col in range(3):
                    \text{if current\_state}[\theta][\mathsf{col}] == \mathsf{current\_state}[1][\mathsf{col}] == \mathsf{current\_state}[2][\mathsf{col}] \text{ and current\_state}[\theta][\mathsf{col}] != " ":  # check the winner or if it is draw in the content of the conte
                             terminal = True
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           if terminal:
                            player = current_state[0][col]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            if player == "X":
                            break
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             return 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             elif player == "0":
          if current_state[0][0] == current_state[1][1] == current_state[2][2] and current_state[0][0] != " ":
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             return -1
                    terminal = True
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           elif full:
                   player = current_state[0][0]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             return 0
          if current_state[0][2] == current_state[1][1] == current_state[2][0] and current_state[0][2] != " ":
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            elset
                    terminal = True
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            return "Not terminal"
                   player = current_state[0][2]
```

TIC-TAC-TOE (AVAILABLE ACTIONS METHOD)

TIC-TAC-TOE (HUMAN PLAY METHOD)

```
def human_play(self, current_state):
    self.display_grid(current_state)
    player = self.current_player(current_state)
    print(f"Your turn, you are playing with {player}")
    row, column = list(map(int, input("Choose your action, row column respectively: ").split()))
    action = (player, row, column)
    new_state = self.take_action(current_state, action)
    self.display_grid(new_state)
    return new_state
```

TIC-TAC-TOE (MINMAX METHOD)

```
def MinMax(self, current state):
    if self.check_terminal(current_state) != "Not terminal":
        score = self.check terminal(current state)
        return score
    utility_values = []
    for action in self.available actions(current state):
        next state = self.take action(current state, action)
        new_utility_value = self.MinMax(next_state)
        utility values.append(new utility value)
    if self.current_player(current_state) == "X":
        return max(utility values)
    elif self.current_player(current_state) == "0":
        return min(utility values)
```

Recursive Evaluation MINMAX ALGORITHM

Remember!

Max wants to MAXIMIZE the utility to win over Min

Min wants to MINIMIZE the utility to win over Max

Both are playing PERFECTLY (no mistakes are made)



Generate the game tree in depth-first order until terminal states are reached.

2

Apply the utility/reward function to the terminal states to get utility value

3

MinMax Value(n):

if it is Max turn, maximize the utility of the next state.

If it is Min turn, minimize the utility of the next state.

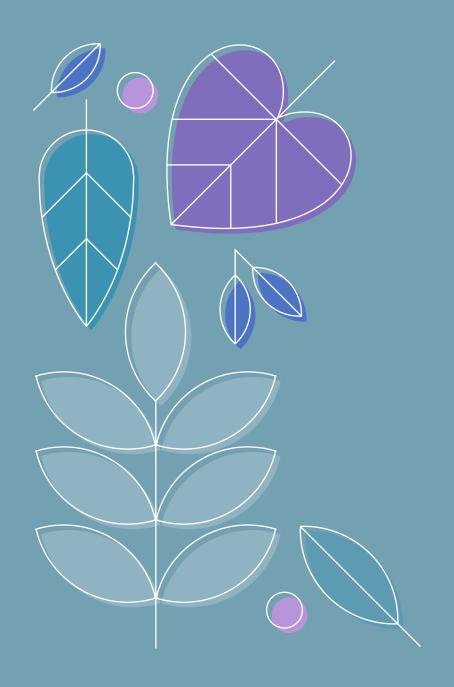
TESTING

```
my_game = Tic_Tac_Toe()
my_grid = my_game.initial_grid.copy()
while my_game.check_terminal(my_grid) == "Not terminal":
   print("__
   my_grid = my_game.human_play(my_grid)
   if my_game.check_terminal(my_grid) != "Not terminal":
       if my_game.check_terminal(my_grid) == 1:
           print("You won !")
           break
       elif my_game.check_terminal(my_grid) == -1:
           print("You lost !")
           break
           print("Draw !")
           break
   my_grid = my_game.computer_play(my_grid)
   if my_game.check_terminal(my_grid) != "Not terminal":
       if my_game.check_terminal(my_grid) == 1:
           print("You won !")
           break
       elif my_game.check_terminal(my_grid) == -1:
           print("You lost !")
           break
           print("Draw !")
           break
```

TESTING

0 | | o I I x ---+--- $I \times I$ I x I ---+------+------+---0 | | Your turn, you are playing with X Your turn, you are playing with X Your turn, you are playing with X Choose your action, row column respectively: 0 2 Choose your action, row column respectively: 10 Choose your action, row column respectively: 11 0 | | X ---+---| x | $x \mid x \mid$ | X | ---+------+------+---0 | | Computer turn, he is playing with O Computer turn, he is playing with 0 Computer turn, he is playing with O Computer decided to play in 0 and 0 Computer decided to play in 2 and 0 Computer decided to play in 1 and 2 0 | | X 0 | | 0 | | X ---+------+------+---I x I | x | $X \mid X \mid O$ ---+---0 | | 0 I I

> 0 | | X 0 | 0 | X $X \mid X \mid O$ $X \mid X \mid 0$ 0 | | ---+---Your turn, you are playing with X 0 | X Choose your action, row column respectively: 2 2 0 | X Your turn, you are playing with X ---+---Choose your action, row column respectively: 2 1 $X \mid X \mid O$ o I I x $0 \mid 0 \mid x$ Computer turn, he is playing with O Computer decided to play in 0 and 1 $x \mid x \mid o$ ---+---0 | 0 | X 0 | X | X x | x | o 0 | | X Draw !



NEXT LAB:
GENETIC
ALGORITHM

Thank you

